

AFRICAN VIOLETS

Native to Tanzania and adjacent southeastern Kenya
in eastern tropical Africa

LIGHT

Prefer moderate to bright indirect sunlight. Keep near an east or west window for best results. Aim to provide your African Violet with at least 8 hours of sunlight a day. If foliage begins to yellow and the plant seems to be reaching, it is probably not getting enough light. On the reverse side, if the foliage begins to have brown spots or the foliage curls, the plant may be receiving too much light.

WATER

Allow the soil to slightly dry out between waterings for best results. Avoid getting water on the foliage. Water either from the bottom, such as a water tray in which the water can be seeped up or directly on the dirt. If water does get on the leaves it will usually leave white spots. Try to use room temperature or warm water instead of cold.

FACTS

Like their soil, there are also special fertilizer and plant food mixtures **SPECIALLY** for this plant.

To encourage new blooms, pinch off dead blossoms and their stems.

